

Intermediate Algebra Skill

Solving Absolute Value Equations: Absolute Value Expressions on Both Sides

Solve the following absolute value equations.

$$1) |x+4|=|2x-7|$$

$$2) |3x+5|=|x-6|$$

$$3) |x-9|=|x+6|$$

$$4) |x+4|=|x-3|$$

$$5) |5t+7|=|4t+3|$$

$$6) |3a-1|=|2a+4|$$

$$7) |n-3|=|3-n|$$

$$8) |y-2|=|2-y|$$

$$9) |7-a|=|a+5|$$

$$10) |6-t|=|t+7|$$

$$11) \left|\frac{1}{2}x-5\right|=\left|\frac{1}{4}x+3\right|$$

$$12) \left|2-\frac{2}{3}x\right|=\left|4+\frac{7}{8}x\right|$$

$$13) \left|\frac{m-1}{3}\right|=\left|\frac{m-2}{4}\right|$$

$$14) \left|\frac{2m+3}{5}\right|=\left|\frac{1-3m}{6}\right|$$

$$15) \left|\frac{1}{3}p+\frac{3}{4}\right|=\left|\frac{1}{4}p-1\right|$$

$$16) \left|-\frac{2}{3}n+\frac{1}{2}\right|=\left|-\frac{1}{2}n-\frac{1}{4}\right|$$

Answers to Solving Absolute Value Equations: Absolute Value Expressions on Both Sides

1) $\{1, 11\}$

2) $\left\{\frac{11}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right\}$

3) $\left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}$

4) $\left\{\frac{-1}{2}\right\}$

5) $\left\{-4, \frac{-10}{9}\right\}$

6) $\left\{\frac{-3}{5}, 5\right\}$

7) \mathbb{R}

8) \mathbb{R}

9) $\{1\}$

10) $\left\{\frac{-1}{2}\right\}$

11) $\left\{\frac{8}{3}, 32\right\}$

12) $\left\{\frac{-48}{37}, \frac{-144}{5}\right\}$

13) $\left\{-2, \frac{10}{7}\right\}$

14) $\left\{\frac{-13}{27}, \frac{23}{3}\right\}$

15) $\left\{-21, \frac{3}{7}\right\}$

16) $\left\{\frac{3}{14}, \frac{9}{2}\right\}$