PreAlgebra Skill-Builder #SMN-5 Raising Signed Mixed Numbers to a Positive Integer Exponent

Recall that when multiplying two numbers with <u>same signs</u>, the product will be <u>positive</u>. If the two numbers have <u>different signs</u>, the product will be <u>negative</u>. As a result, we can generalize that a negative number raised to an even exponent will end up with a positive result and a negative number raised to an odd exponent will end up with a negative result.

$$(negative \ number)^{odd \ exp\ onent} = negative \ result$$

 $(negative \ number)^{even \ exp\ onent} = positive \ result$

After taking care of the signs, you should convert the mixed numbers to improper fractions, then raise both the numerator and denominator to the given integer exponent:

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

Remember to always reduce your final answer to lowest terms. Usually, it is stated that you have to give your answer as a mixed number if possible.

Example 1

Simplify:
$$\left(5\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3} \qquad \left(positive \ number\right)^{any \ exponent} = positive \ result$$

$$= \left(\frac{5 \cdot 2 + 1}{2}\right)^{3} = \left(\frac{11}{2}\right)^{3} = \frac{11^{3}}{2^{3}} = \frac{1331}{8} = \boxed{166\frac{3}{8}}$$

Example 2

Example 3

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Simplify the following. Give your final answer as a mixed number if possible.

$$1. \qquad \left(5\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$$

$$2. \qquad \left(-4\frac{1}{6}\right)^2$$

$$3. \qquad \left(-1\frac{1}{2}\right)^4$$

$$4. \qquad \left(-2\frac{1}{3}\right)^3$$

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Answers

1.
$$27\frac{9}{16}$$

2.
$$17\frac{13}{36}$$

3.
$$5\frac{1}{16}$$

4.
$$-12\frac{19}{27}$$

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